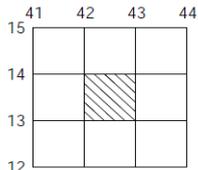


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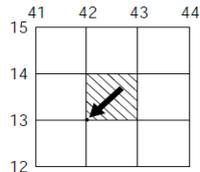
4 Figure grid references:

Grids on a map help you find a place quickly. By using grid references you can find exactly where something is on a map. 4 Figure grid reference will show an area on a map as shown below.

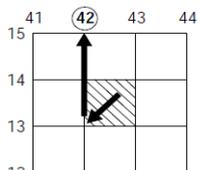
1 Choose the square you want to find the reference of.



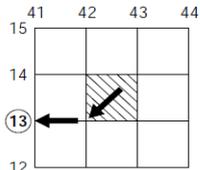
2 Find the bottom left corner of the square.



3 Start at the bottom left corner and look up the line until you reach a number. This is the first number. The first number in this example is 42.



4 Start at the bottom left corner and look across until you reach a number. This is the second number. The second number in this example is 13.



5 Put the two numbers together to find the grid reference - 4213.

There are three types of geography:

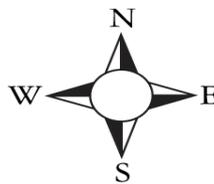
Human geography: how human activity affects or is influenced by the earth's surface.

Physical geography: geography dealing with natural features.

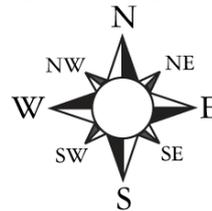
Environmental geography: the interaction between the human and physical environments and the effects that it has on the environment.

Directions

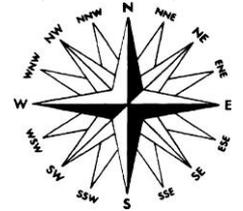
4 point compass



8 point compass



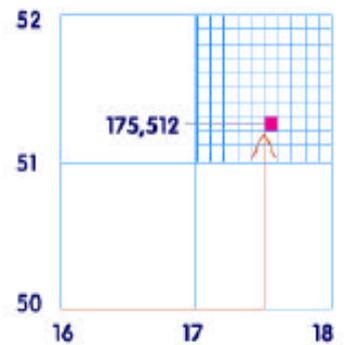
16 point compass



6 Figure grid references:

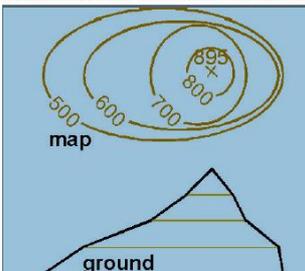
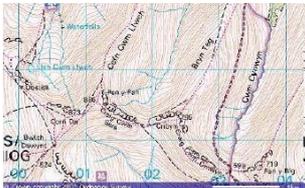
Six figure grid references tell the precise location of a feature.

In order to find the exact location of where the bridge crosses the river, the reader should imagine that each grid is divided into sub-sections from 0 (on the line) to 9.



Height of the land:

Contour lines are used to show the height and shape of the land. The closer together the lines, the steeper the land will be.



Longitude and latitude:

Longitude is imaginary lines running north-south on the Earth's surface. They are sometimes called Meridians. Longitude coordinates tell geographers how far west or east a place is located. The 0 degrees longitudinal line, from which all other are measures, is the Greenwich or Prime Meridian in London.



Latitude is imaginary lines running west-east on the Earth's surface. They run at parallels. Latitude coordinates tell geographers how far north or south a place is located. The 0 degrees latitudinal line, from which all other latitude lines are measures, is the Equator.



Continents of the world:

Africa North America South America Asia Europe Oceania

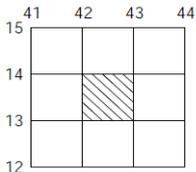


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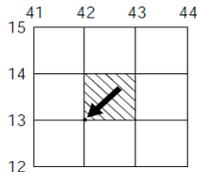
4 Figure grid references:

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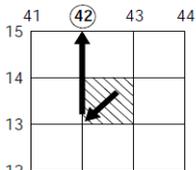
1 Choose the square you want to find the reference of.



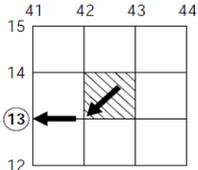
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Directions

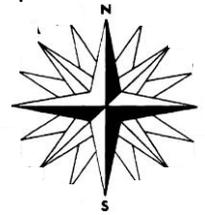
4 point compass



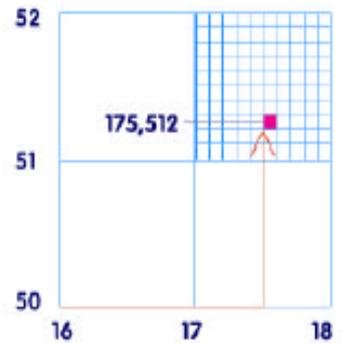
8 point compass



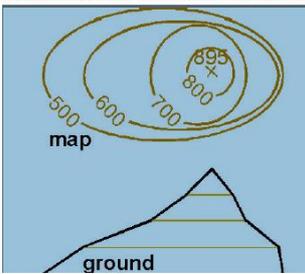
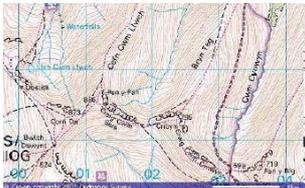
16 point compass



6 Figure grid references:



Height of the land:



Longitude and latitude:

Longitude is imaginary lines running _____ on the _____.

They are sometimes called _____.

Longitude coordinates tell geographers _____.

The 0 degrees longitudinal line, from which all other are measures, _____.



Latitude is imaginary lines running _____.

They run at _____.

Latitude coordinates tell geographers how _____.

The 0 degrees latitudinal line, from which all other latitude lines are measures....



Continents of the world:

